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## Instructions:

1. All questions are compulsory.
2. Figures to the right indicate marks.

Que-1 (A) Attempt following questions.
(1) In full-adder, there are three input and $\qquad$ output terminal.
(2) A gate is a logic circuit with one or more input signals but $\qquad$ output signal.
(3) A $\qquad$ sign is used to show the AND operation.
(4) In JK flip flop, JK stands for $\qquad$ .

Que-1 (B) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) What is logic gate ?
(2) What is sequential circuit?

Que-1 (C) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain half Adder.
(2) Explain De-Morgan's theorems.

Que-1 (D) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain SR flip flop in detail.
(2) Write a note on Full Adder.

Que-2 (A) Attempt following questions.
(1) VLSI stands for $\qquad$ .
(2) DIL stands for $\qquad$ .
(3) PISO stands for $\qquad$ .
(4) Multiplexing means $\qquad$ into one.

Que-2 (B) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) What is IC ?
(2) List applications of shift register.

Que-2 (C) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain block diagram of Register.
(2) Explain Octal to Binary encoder.

Que-2 (D) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain asynchronous 4 bit binary counters.
(2) Write a note on $4 * 1$ Multiplexer.

Que-3 (A) To calculate following binary digits.
(1) $110 * 110=$ $\qquad$ .
(2) $1010.1 * 110=$ $\qquad$
(3) $10000111 / 101=$ $\qquad$
(4) $110000111 / 1011=$ $\qquad$ .
Que-3 (B) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)(02)
(1) Explain rules of binary Addition.
(2) Explain rules of binary Subtraction.
Que-3 (C) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain floating point representation of number.
(2) Explain 2's complement method in detail with example.
Que-3 (D) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain error detection code.
(2) Write note on Parity bit.
Que-4 (A) Attempt following questions.
(1) RPN stands for $\qquad$
(2) ___ perform arithmetic and logical calculation.
(3) The process of inserting an item into the stack is known as $\qquad$ .
(4) In $\qquad$ notation the operator is placed before the operand.
Que-4 (B) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) What is Stack ?
(2) Explain Advantages of Polish Notation.
Que-4 (C) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain Micro Operation.
(2) Write a short note on ALU.
Que-4 (D) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) What is RPN ? Explain use of RPN using stack with suitable example.
(2) What is Interrupt explain in detail with types.
Que-5 (A) Attempt following questions.
(1) IOP stands for $\qquad$ .
(2) DMA stands for $\qquad$ .
$\qquad$ is a bidirectional bus which allows the transfer of data between the microprocessor and memory or peripheral device.
(4) ___ carries address of memory location or port number of peripherals device.
Que-5 (B) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) List out Registers of DMA controller.
(2) What is DMA ?
Que-5 (C) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain Address register and word-count register in detail.
(2) Explain Memory bus.
Que-5 (D) Attempt following.(Attempt any one)
(1) Explain DMA Transfer in detail.
(2) Explain IOP in detail.

